# Example on Computing the Amount of Tax Exemption Under the Tax Exemption Scheme for New Start-Up Companies

## Example 1

My company qualifies for the tax exemption scheme for new start-up companies from YA 2019 to YA 2021. My normal chargeable income before tax exemption for the 3 YAs are \$280,000 for YA 2019, \$250,000 for YA 2020 and \$230,000 for YA 2021. How do I compute the exempt amount and tax payable for YA 2019 to YA 2021?

### <u>YA 2019</u>

The exempt amount on normal chargeable income of \$280,000 is computed as follows:

Normal chargeable income before exempt amount	% exempted	Amount exempted
\$		\$
First 100,000	100%	100,000
Next 180,000	50%	90,000
Total 280,000		190,000

Your company's tax payable for YA 2019 is therefore computed as follows:

Chargeable income before exempt amount	<b>\$</b> 280,000
Less: Exempt amount	190,000
Chargeable income after exempt amount	90,000
Tax payable @ 17%	15,300.00
Less: Corporate income tax rebate (20% x \$15,300)	3,060.00
Net tax payable	12,240.00

### <u>YA 2020</u>

The changes to the tax exemption scheme for new start-up companies announced in Budget 2018 will apply with effect from YA 2020. The exempt amount on normal chargeable income of \$250,000 is computed as follows:

Normal chargeable income before exempt amount	% exempted	Amount exempted
\$		\$
First 100,000	75%	75,000
Next 100,000	50%	50,000
Total 200,000		125,000

Your company's tax payable for YA 2020 is therefore computed as follows:

Chargeable income before exempt amount	<b>\$</b> 250,000
Less: Exempt amount	125,000
Chargeable income after exempt amount	125,000
Tax payable @ 17%	21,250.00
Less: Corporate income tax rebate (25% x \$21,250)	5,312.50
Net tax payable	15,937.50

## <u>YA 2021</u>

The exempt amount on normal chargeable income of \$230,000 is computed as follows:

Normal chargeable income before exempt amount	% exempted	Amount exempted
\$		\$
First 100,000	75%	75,000
Next 100,000	50%	50,000
Total 200,000		125,000

Your company's tax payable for YA 2021 is therefore computed as follows:

Tax payable @ 17%	17,850.00
Chargeable income after exempt amount	105,000
Less: Exempt amount	125,000
Chargeable income before exempt amount	<b>پ</b> 230,000
	\$

# Examples on Computing the Amount of Tax Exemption Under the Partial Tax Exemption Scheme

### Example 2

My company's normal chargeable income before tax exemption for YA 2021 is \$600,000. How do I compute the exempt amount under the partial tax exemption scheme and tax payable for YA 2021?

#### <u>YA 2021</u>

The changes to the partial tax exemption as announced in Budget 2018 will apply with effect from YA 2020 onwards.

The exempt amount on normal chargeable income of \$600,000 is computed as follows:

Normal chargeable income before exempt amount	% exempted	Amount exempted
\$		\$
First 10,000	75%	7,500
Next 190,000	50%	95,000
Total 200,000		102,500

Your company's tax payable for YA 2021 is therefore computed as follows:

Tax payable @ 17%	84,575.00
Chargeable income after exempt amount	497,500
Less: Exempt amount	102,500
Chargeable income before exempt amount	<b>\$</b> 600,000

### Example 3

My company's normal chargeable income before tax exemption for YA 2021 is \$50,000. My company also derived chargeable income of \$60,000 to be taxed at a concessionary tax rate of 10% for YA 2021. How do I compute the exempt amount under the partial tax exemption scheme and tax payable for YA 2021?

#### <u>YA 2021</u>

The exempt amount on normal chargeable income of \$50,000 is computed as follows:

Normal chargeable income before exempt amount	% exempted	Amount exempted
\$		\$
First 10,000	75%	7,500
Next 40,000	50%	20,000
Total 50,000		27,500

Your company's tax payable for YA 2021 is therefore computed as follows:

	Normal chargeable income @ 17% \$	Concessionary income @ 10% \$	Total \$
Chargeable income before exempt amount	50,000	60,000	110,000
Less: Exempt amount	27,500	0 (see note)	27,500
Chargeable income after exempt amount	22,500	60,000	82,500
Tax payable @ 17%/ 10%	3,825.00	6,000.00	9,825.00

Note: Nil as the partial tax exemption is not applicable to concessionary income.

## Example 4

My company has normal chargeable income and concessionary loss for YA 2021.

	Normal chargeable income @ 17% \$	Concessionary income @ 10% \$
Revenue	1,500,000	3,000,000
Less: Tax allowable expenses	850,000	4,000,000
Net trade income/ (loss)	650,000	(1,000,000)

How do I compute the exempt amount under the partial tax exemption scheme and tax payable for YA 2021?

## <u>YA 2021</u>

Your company's tax payable for YA 2021 is computed as follows:

	Normal chargeable income @ 17% \$	Concessionary income @ 10% \$	Total \$
Net trade income/ (loss)	650,000	(1,000,000)	(350,000)
Less: Section 37B set-off (1,000,000 x 10/17)	588,235	1,000,000	411,765
Chargeable income before exempt amount	61,765	0	61,765
Less: Exempt amount	33,383 (see note)	0	33,383
Chargeable income after exempt amount	28,382	0	28,382
Tax payable @ 17%/ 10%	4,824.94	0	4,824.94

Note: The exempt amount on normal chargeable income of \$61,765 is computed as follows:

Normal chargeable income before exempt amount	% exempted	Amount exempted
\$		\$
First 10,000	75%	7,500
Next 51,765	50%	25,883
Total 61,765		33,383

### Example 5

My company's normal chargeable income before tax exemption for YA 2022 is \$290,000. How do I compute the exempt amount under the partial tax exemption scheme and tax payable for YA 2022?

#### YA 2022

The exempt amount on normal chargeable income of \$290,000 is computed as follows:

Normal chargeable income before exempt amount	% exempted	Amount exempted
\$		\$
First 10,000	75%	7,500
Next 190,000	50%	95,000
Total 200,000		102,500

Your company's tax payable for YA 2022 is therefore computed as follows:

Tax payable @ 17%	31,875.00
Chargeable income after exempt amount	187,500
Less: Exempt amount	102,500
Chargeable income before exempt amount	<b>\$</b> 290,000